

1.

Dev has a bag of 50p coins and Holly has a bag of 20p coins.



Dev's bag



Holly's bag

Both bags have the same amount of money in.

There are **thirty** 50p coins in Dev's bag.

How many 20p coins are there in Holly's bag?

Show your method

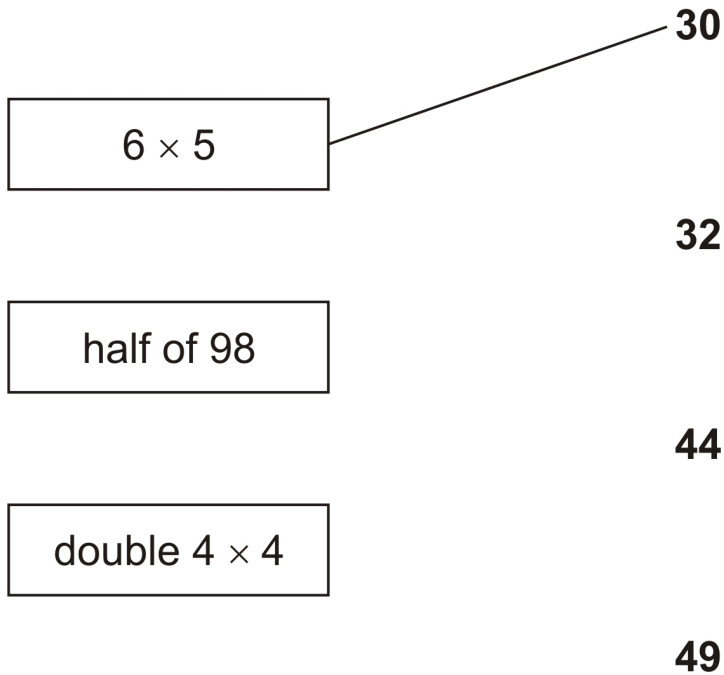
20p coins

2 marks

2.

Join each box to the correct number.

One has been done for you.



1 mark

3.

For every **500g** of excess baggage I take on an aeroplane, I must pay **£7.50**.

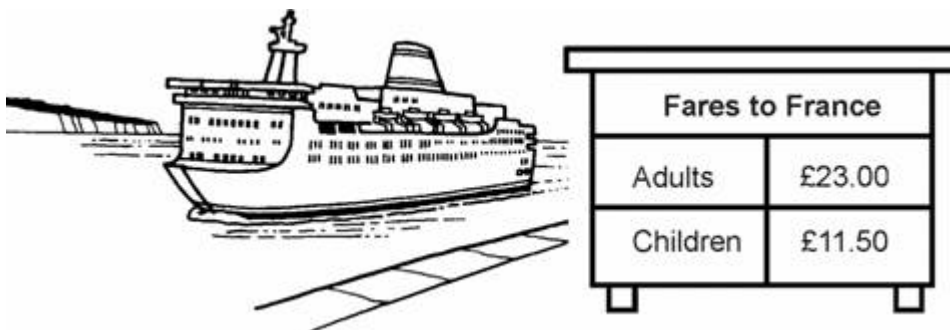
I have **3.5kg** of excess baggage.

How much must I pay?

£

1 mark

4.



There are **2 adults** and **3 children** in a family.

How much does it cost the **family** to go on the ferry?

[illegible]

2 marks

On the ferry they change **pounds** for French **francs**.

For every **£1** they get **7 francs**.

How many **francs** do they get for £150?

Page 10 of 10

1 mark

5.

Use these signs.

= < >

Write the correct signs in the boxes.

4×4

2×8

8×7

9×6

5×7

5×5

10×6

6×10

2 marks

6.

Plants are sold in trays of **20**



Ivana buys **7 trays** of plants.

How many plants is this?

1 mark

David wants **240 plants**.

How many trays does he need to buy?

1 mark

7.

Write in the missing digits to make this correct.

$$\begin{array}{r} \square \quad 4 \quad \square \\ \times \quad \quad \quad 6 \\ \hline 2 \quad 0 \quad 5 \quad 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2 marks

8.

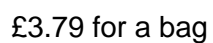
Ryan collects 2 comics each month for a whole year.



How many comics does he collect in a year?

1 mark

A shop sells food for birds.



£8.95 each

How many bags of peanuts can she get for £10?

1 mark

How much **more** money does he need?

2 marks

Mark schemes

1.

Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 75

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of appropriate method, eg:

- $30 \times 50 = 1500$
 $1500 \div 20$

OR

- $30 \times 50\text{p} = \text{£}15$
5 20p coins make £1
 5×15

OR

- $50\text{p} \div 20\text{p} = 2.5$
 30×2.5

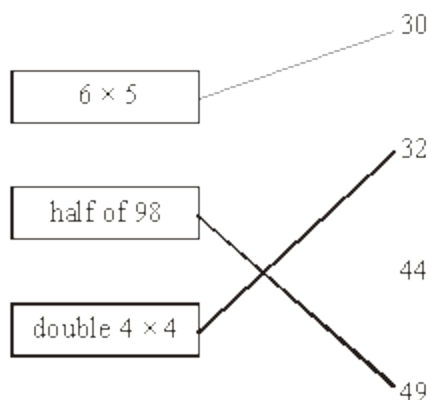
*Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Up to 2

[2]

2.

Two lines drawn as shown:



Do not award the mark if additional incorrect lines are drawn.

Lines need not touch the boxes or numbers, provided the intention is clear.

[1]

3.

£52.50

[1]

4.	(a) Award TWO marks for the correct answer of £80.50			
	If answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for evidence of appropriate strategy such as:			
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> £23 × 2 + £11.50 × 3 <p><i>Accept £80.50p OR 80.50 OR £80 50 OR 8050 OR £80.5 OR 80.5 OR £80.50</i></p> <p><i>Actual calculation is not required for the award of one mark.</i></p> <p><i>The writing of 46 + 34.50 may be taken as evidence of an appropriate strategy.</i></p>			
			Up to 2	
	(b) 1050			
			1	
				[3]
5.	=			
	>			
	>			
	=			
	<i>Four correct for 2 marks, or 2 correct for 1 mark</i>			
			Up to 2	
				[2]
6.	(a) 140			
			1	
	(b) 12			
			1	
				[2]
7.	<div> <div>3</div> <div>4</div> <div>2</div> </div> <div> <div>×</div> <div>6</div> </div> <div> <div>2</div> <div>0</div> <div>5</div> <div>2</div> </div>			
	(a) 3 in left hand box			
			1	
	(b) 2 in right hand box			
			1	
				[2]
8.	24			
				[1]
9.	(a) 7			
	<p><i>Accept 7 r 55p.</i></p> <p>Do not accept 7 r 55</p>			
			1	

- (b) Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of £4.11

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of appropriate method, eg

$$4 \times 3.79 = 15.16$$

$$8.95 + 15.16 = 24.11$$

$$24.11 - 20$$

*Accept for **ONE** mark £411 **OR** £411p as evidence of appropriate method.*

*Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Up to 2

[3]